



Western Digital®

NASDAQ 38th Investor Conference

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Forward-Looking Statements

Safe Harbor | Disclaimers

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, statements regarding our market positioning, technology and product platform, growth opportunities, financial and business strategies, capital structure optimization, market trends and data growth and its drivers. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved, if at all. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements.

Key risks and uncertainties include volatility in global economic conditions; business conditions and growth in the storage ecosystem; impact of competitive products and pricing; market acceptance and cost of commodity materials and specialized product components; actions by competitors; unexpected advances in competing technologies; our development and introduction of products based on new technologies and expansion into new data storage markets; risks associated with acquisitions, mergers and joint ventures; difficulties or delays in manufacturing; and other risks and uncertainties listed in the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov, including our most recently filed periodic report, to which your attention is directed. We do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

This presentation includes references to non-GAAP financial measures. Reconciliations of the differences between the non-GAAP measures provided in this presentation to the comparable GAAP financial measures are included in the appendix.

Global Data Technology Leader

Western Digital[®]

BRAND PORTFOLIO

SanDisk[®]



H G S T



G-Technology[™]



- Headquarters: San Jose, CA
- Revenue: ~\$20 Billion¹
- Non-GAAP Gross Profit: ~\$9 Billion¹
- Demand Drivers: Embedded, Mobile, IoT, Medical, Industrial, Big Data and Fast Data in Cloud, Data Centers

Client Solutions



Client Devices



Data Center Devices



Data Center Solutions



Note: See Appendix for reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP financial measures.

¹LTM for March 30, 2018.

Data Driven Economy

Richness

Data as a record



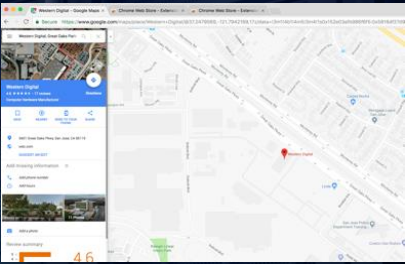
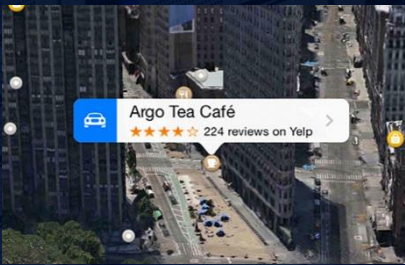
164	94	45	73	38	99	2
166	172	54	91	85	40	2
896	2.132	2.390	3.850	2.175	1.295	
2.845	1.001	1.920	1.748	2.387	2.5	
1.133	1.308	3.928	3.176	2.514	2	
4	2.697	1.710	1.287	1.272	2.353	
2	1.844	1.725	2.110	1.928	1.9	
99	1.903	1.442	3.292	3.593	1.9	
032	1.198	2.453	1.272	1.950	1.9	
92	298	159	524			

INVOICE		647-444-1234	1 Your Address
your@email.com		yourwebsite.com	City, State, Country
			ZIP CODE
Billed To	Invoice Number	Invoice Total	
Client Name	000000	\$4520.00	
1 Client Address	Date Of Issue		
City, State, Country	10/07/14		
ZIP CODE			
Description	Unit Cost	Qty / Hr Rate	Amount
Your Item Name	\$1000	1	1000
Item description goes here			

Data as communication



Data as efficiency



Data as currency



Value

Data Driven Economy

ZB Created¹

Drivers of Accelerating Storage Demand

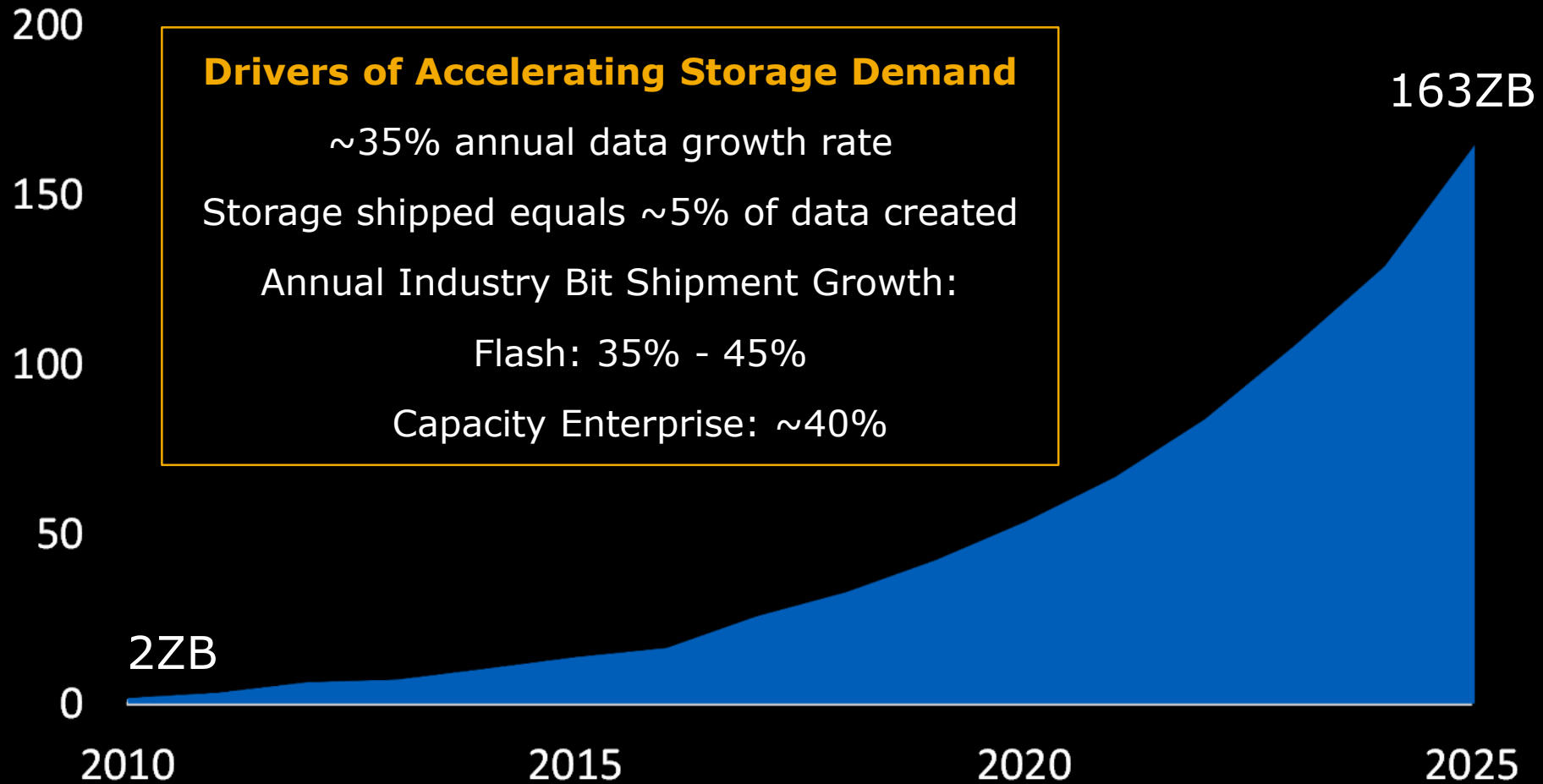
~35% annual data growth rate

Storage shipped equals ~5% of data created

Annual Industry Bit Shipment Growth:

Flash: 35% - 45%

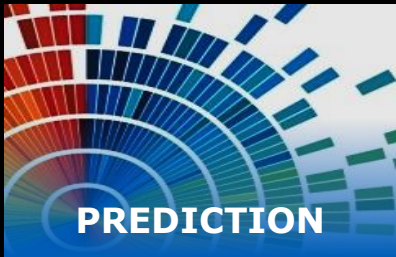
Capacity Enterprise: ~40%



¹IDC Data Age 2025, April 2017.

Infrastructure Critical to Evolving Data Types

Big Data

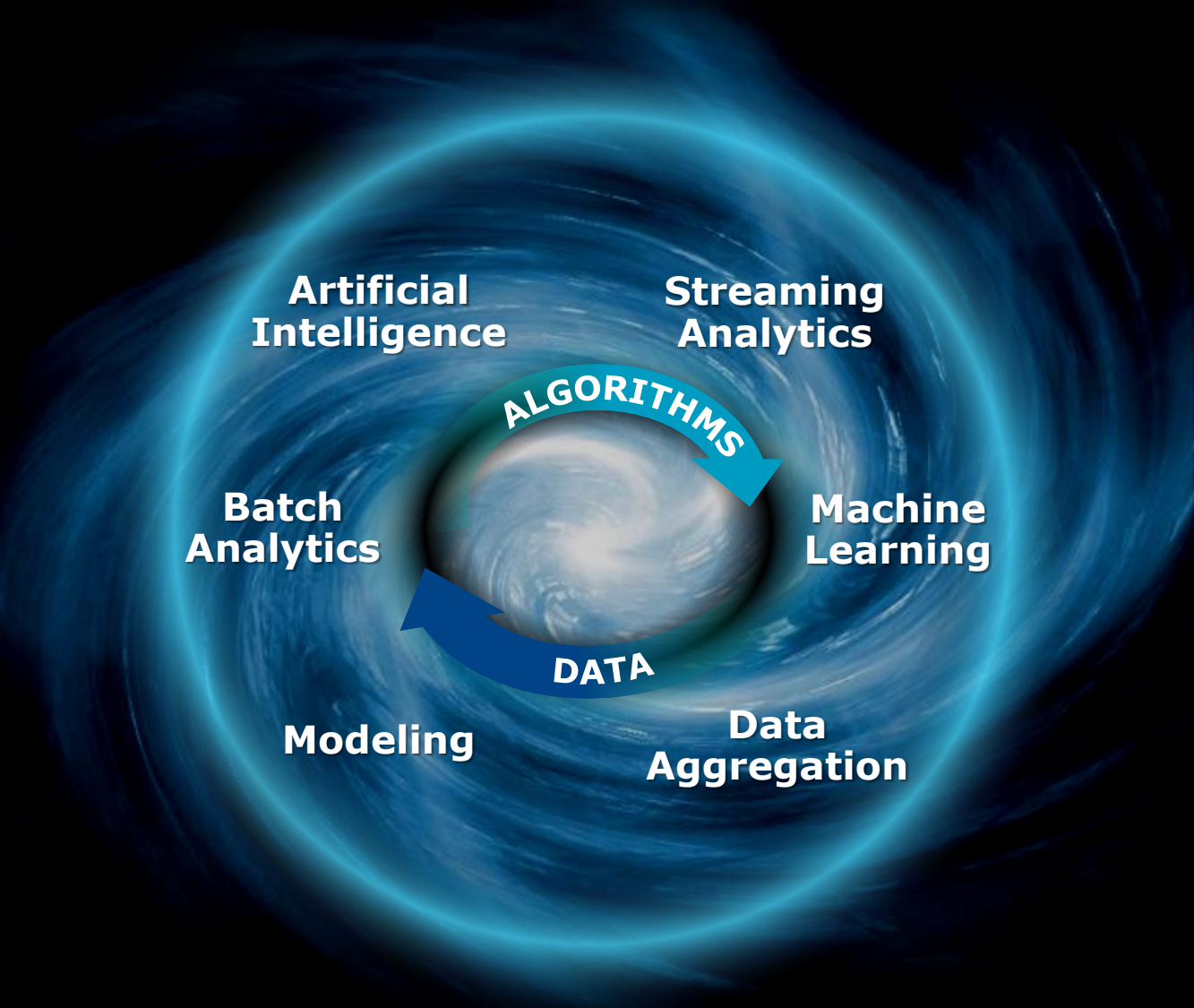


Scale

Fast Data

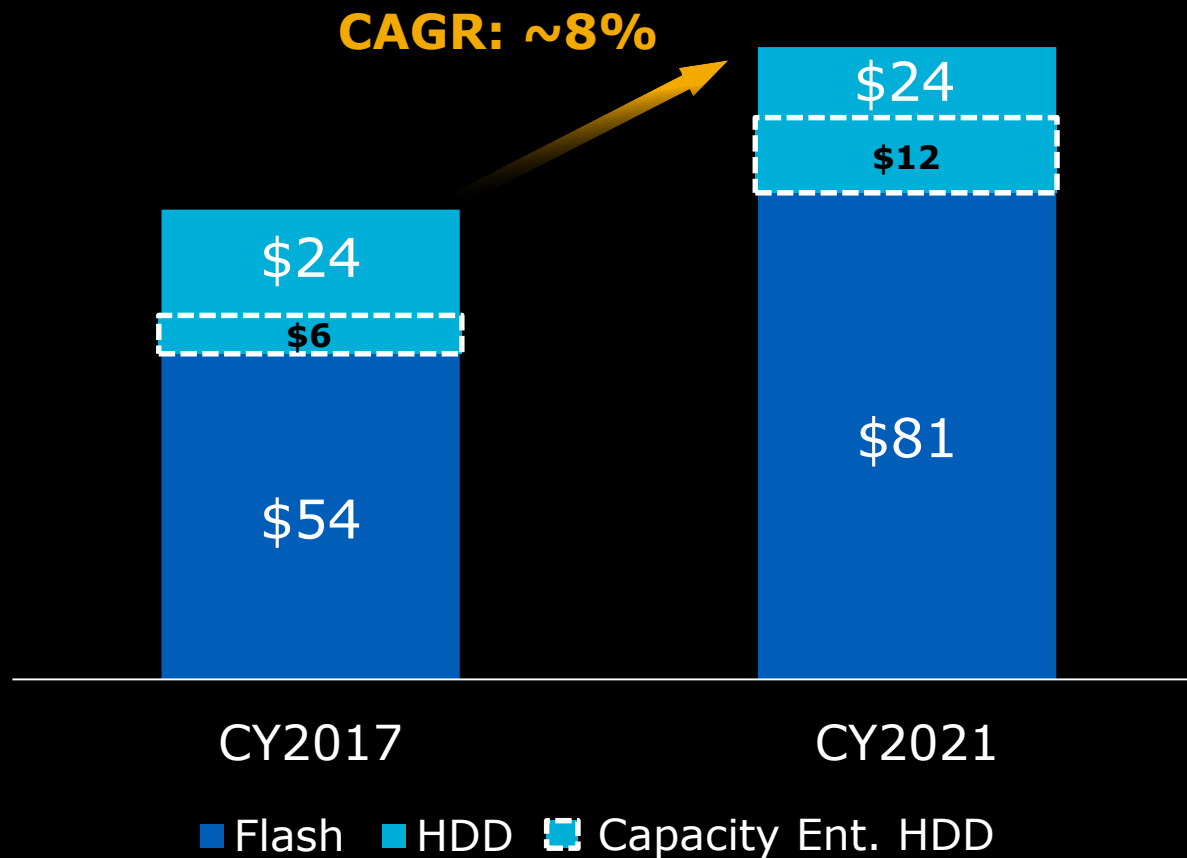


Performance



\$105B Market Opportunity by CY2021

\$ Billions



Key Trends

HDD:

Significant growth in capacity enterprise (CY17-CY21 CAGR ~19%) offset by decline in Client

Flash:

Broad-based growth in the three pillars: Client, Mobile Embedded and Enterprise

Sources:
Flash: Gartner March 2018
HDD: IDC May 2018

Leading an Evolution of the Data Storage Industry

Technology
Leadership

Broad
Product
Portfolio

Operational
Excellence

Financial
Performance

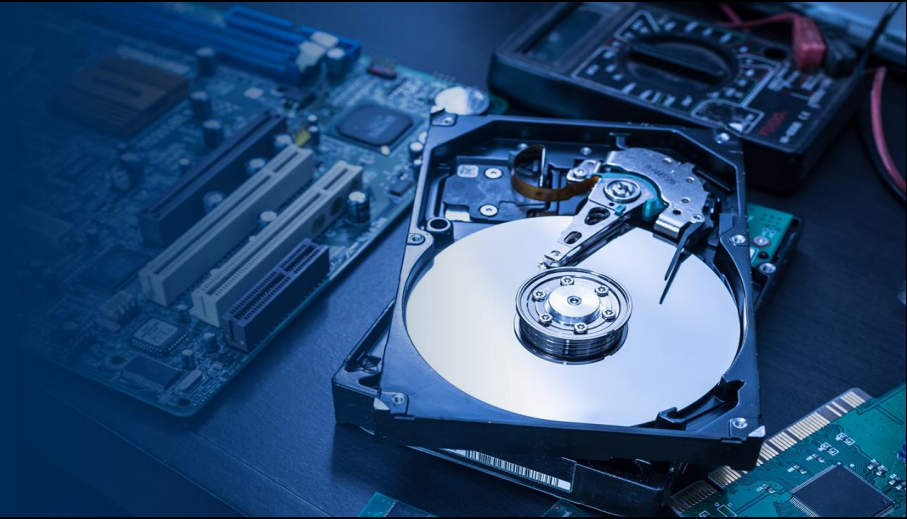


Technology Leadership

14,000+ active patents worldwide

HDD

- Industry-leading Helium platform; more than 20M Helium drives shipped
- Sampling MAMR HDDs in CY2018


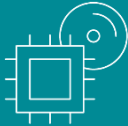

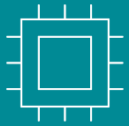




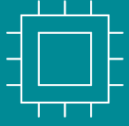





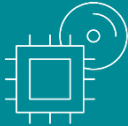



Flash

- Leadership in 3D flash – 64 and 96 layer
- Migration to internally designed controllers



Power of the Western Digital Portfolio

	HDD	External/ Removable	SSD	Embedded Flash	Platforms/ Systems
PC / Mobile					
Cloud					
IoT / Edge / Auto					
Enterprise					
Retail					

Product and Customer Diversity Enables Resiliency

Operational Excellence: Core WDC Ingredient

Western Digital[®]



SanDisk[®]

Deep management expertise

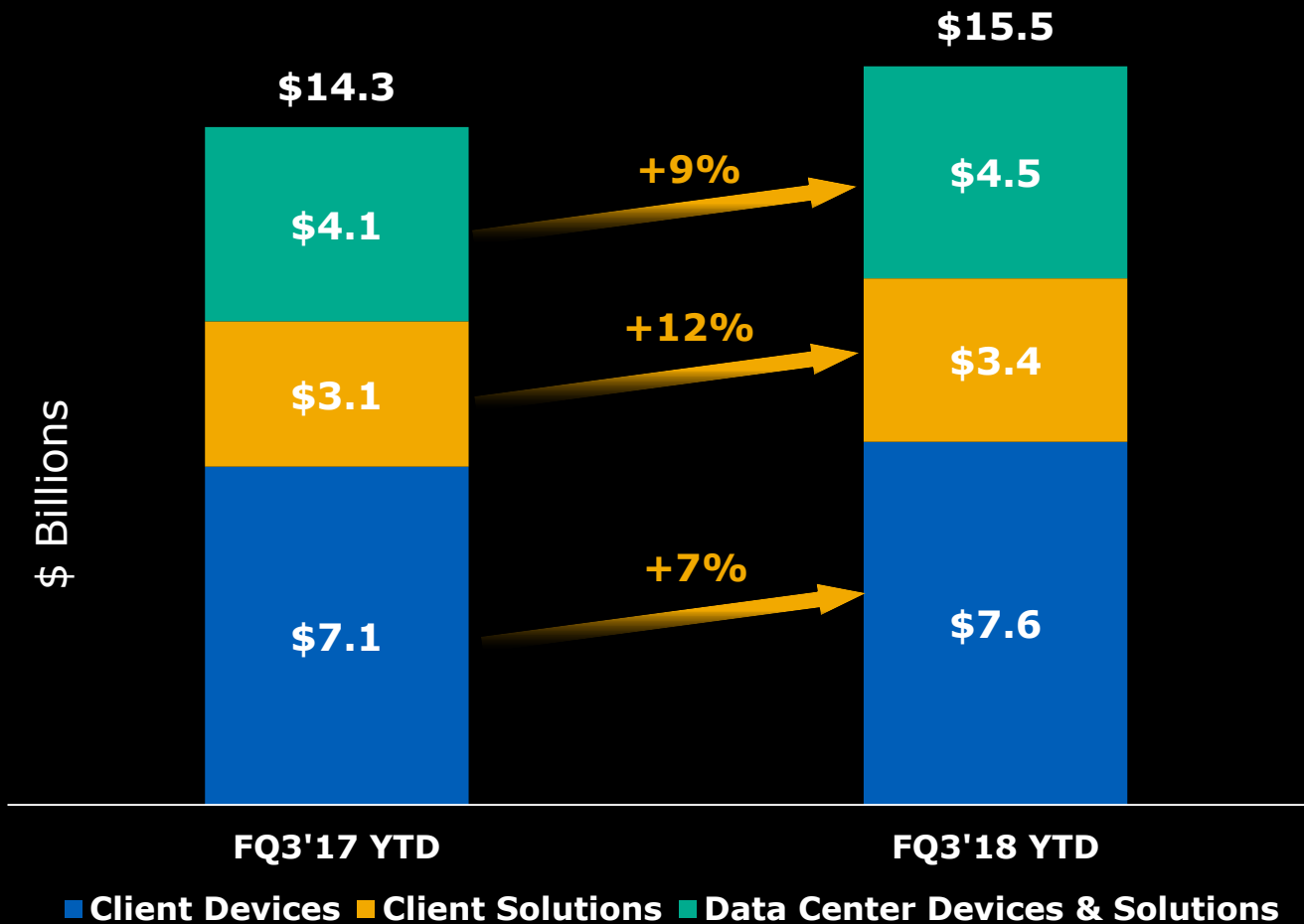
Cost and quality leader

Flexible and responsive supply chain

Financial Overview

Strong Revenue Growth

9% Year-to-Date Revenue Growth



Data Center Devices & Solutions

- Significant growth in capacity enterprise driven by cloud demand

Client Solutions

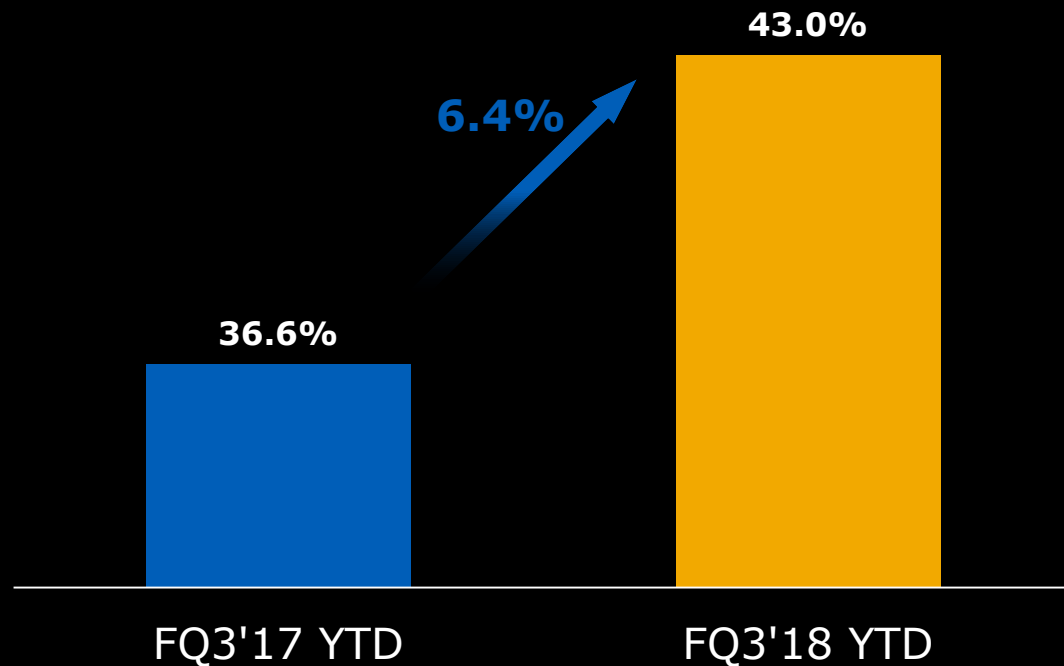
- Executed well as a result of the strength and reach of our valuable global retail brands

Client Devices

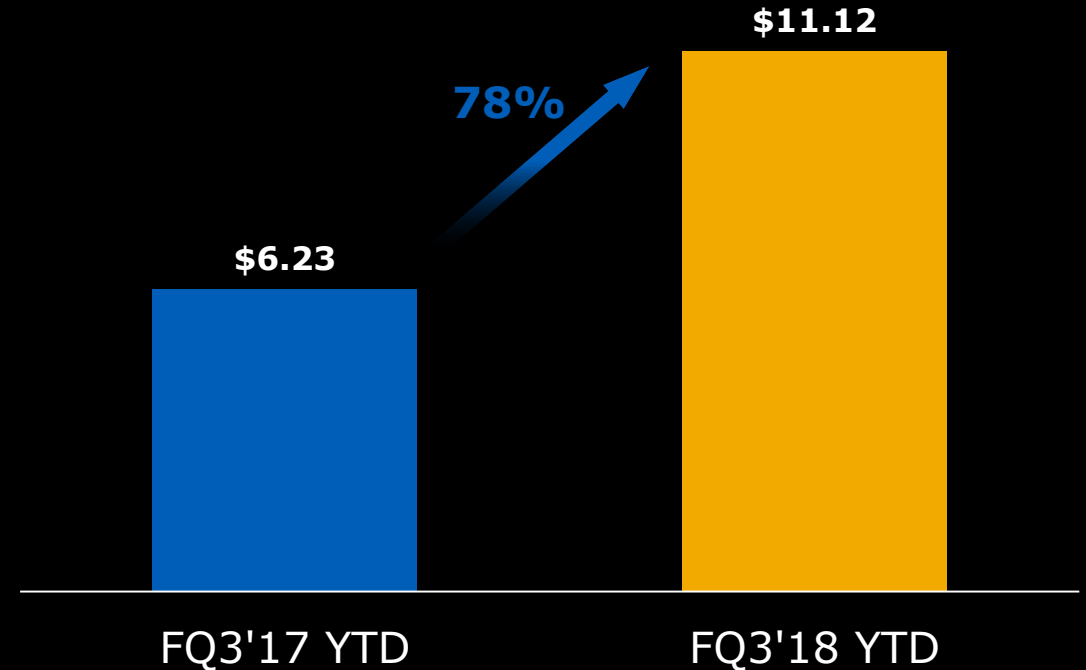
- Growth driven by mobility, client SSD and surveillance, partially offset by HDD client compute

Financial Performance

Year-to-Date Non-GAAP Gross Margin %



Year-to-Date Non-GAAP EPS



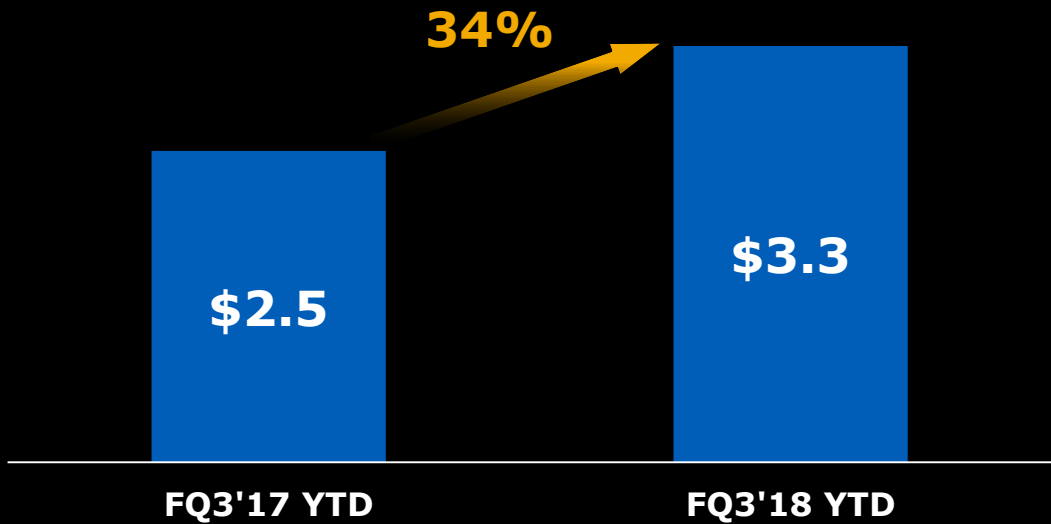
- Our product portfolio is well positioned in growing markets to serve a diverse customer base
- We are achieving significant gross margin and Non-GAAP EPS growth

Note: See Appendix for reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP financial measures.

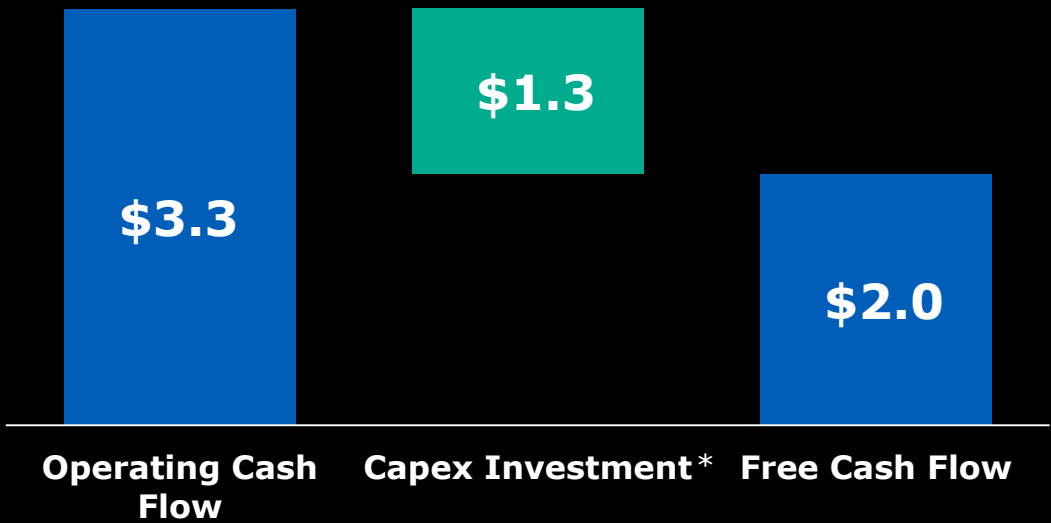
Strong Cash Generation

- Operating Cash Flow: FQ3-2018 year over year up 3%, year to date up 34%
- Capex investment at high end of 6-8% long-term model

Operating Cash Flow (\$ Billions)



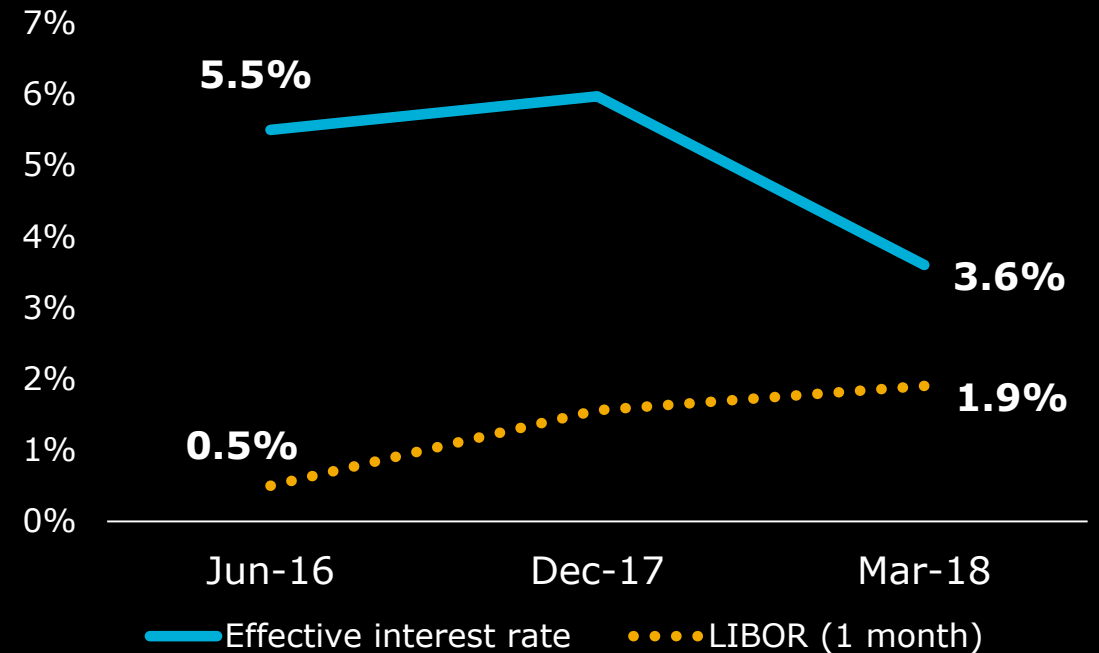
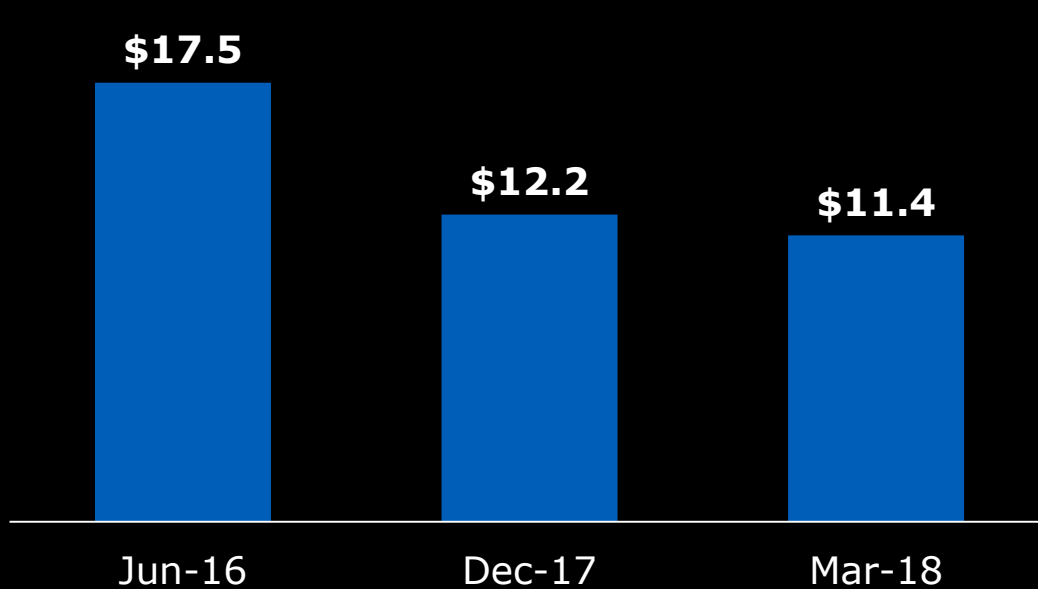
Free Cash Flow (\$ Billions)
FQ3-2018 YTD



*Capex Investment reflects purchases of property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment, and the activity related to Flash Ventures, net.

Significant Capital Structure Optimization

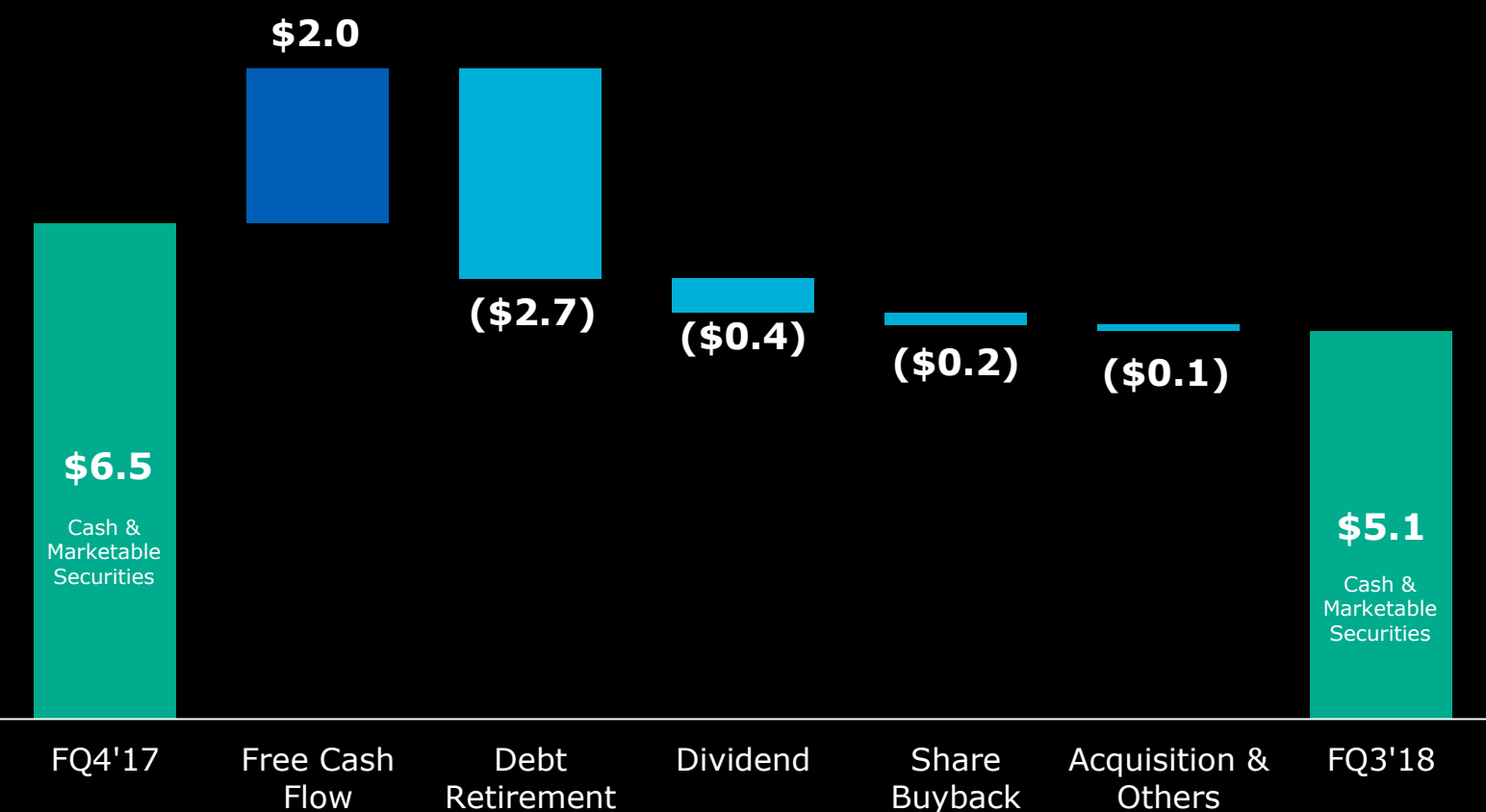
Total Debt in \$ Billions



- June-16 SanDisk acquisition quarter
- March-18 Quarter
 - Significant capital structure optimization
 - Reduced annualized Non-GAAP interest expense by ~45%
- June-18 Quarter
 - Continued capital structure enhancement (repricing of US Term Loan B)

Capital Allocation Priorities and Cash Flow Position

Cash Flow (\$ Billions)



Capital Allocation Priorities

- Organic and inorganic growth opportunities
- Continued optimization of capital structure
- Committed to the dividend
- Executed share buyback of ~\$155M in the March quarter
- Announced additional \$1B of share buyback, 50% targeted in June quarter

Additional Liquidity Available

- \$1.75B of \$2.25B revolver capacity

Investment Highlights

1

Leading Global Data
Storage Solutions –
Power of the Platform

2

Solid Track Record of
Long-term Shareholder
Value Creation

3

Vertically Integrated
With a Diversified
Product Portfolio

4

Technology
Leadership Driven
by IP and Talent

5

Large Addressable
Markets With Favorable
Secular Growth Drivers

6

Robust Financial
Profile With Strong
Free Cash Flows

7

Disciplined Capital
Structure With Balanced
Capital Allocation

Appendix

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

\$ Millions, except per share amounts; unaudited

	LTM Q3'18	YTD Q3'17	YTD Q3'18
GAAP revenue	\$ 20,372	\$ 14,251	\$ 15,530
GAAP gross profit	\$ 7,534	4,391	5,853
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	1,067	724	788
Stock-based compensation expense	49	37	37
Charges related to cost saving initiatives	18	44	(6)
Acquisition-related charges	-	18	-
Other	2	3	-
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 8,670	\$ 5,217	\$ 6,672
GAAP gross margin %		30.8%	37.7%
Non-GAAP gross margin %		36.6%	43.0%
GAAP net income (loss)		\$ 117	\$ (81)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		843	910
Stock-based compensation expense		293	298
Employee termination, asset impairment and other charges		152	135
Charges related to cost saving initiatives		114	12
Acquisition-related charges		35	12
Convertible debt activity, net		7	3
Debt extinguishment costs		274	896
Other		20	(1)
Income tax adjustments		(16)	1,230
Non-GAAP net income		\$ 1,839	\$ 3,414
Diluted income (loss) per common share:			
GAAP		\$ 0.40	\$ (0.27)
Non-GAAP		\$ 6.23	\$ 11.12
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding:			
GAAP		295	296
Non-GAAP		295	307

Footnotes for GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

This presentation contains the following financial measures that are not in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"): non-GAAP gross profit; non-GAAP net income; non-GAAP diluted income per common share; and free cash flow ("Non-GAAP measures"). These Non-GAAP measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative for, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP and may be different from Non-GAAP measures used by other companies. The company believes the presentation of these Non-GAAP measures, when shown in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures, provides useful information to investors for measuring the company's earnings performance and comparing it against prior periods. Specifically, the company believes these Non-GAAP measures provide useful information to both management and investors as they exclude certain expenses, gains and losses that the company believes are not indicative of its core operating results or because they are consistent with the financial models and estimates published by many analysts who follow the company and its peers. As discussed further below, these Non-GAAP measures exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets, stock-based compensation expense, employee termination, asset impairment and other charges, acquisition-related charges, charges related to cost saving initiatives, convertible debt activity, debt extinguishment costs, other charges, and income tax adjustments, and the company believes these measures along with the related reconciliations to the GAAP measures provide additional detail and comparability for assessing the company's results. These Non-GAAP measures are some of the primary indicators management uses for assessing the company's performance and planning and forecasting future periods. These measures should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, GAAP results.

As described above, the company excludes the following items from its Non-GAAP measures:

Amortization of acquired intangible assets. The company incurs expenses from the amortization of acquired intangible assets over their economic lives. Such charges are significantly impacted by the timing and magnitude of the company's acquisitions and any related impairment charges.

Stock-based compensation expense. Because of the variety of equity awards used by companies, the varying methodologies for determining stock-based compensation expense, the subjective assumptions involved in those determinations, and the volatility in valuations that can be driven by market conditions outside the company's control, the company believes excluding stock-based compensation expense enhances the ability of management and investors to understand and assess the underlying performance of its business over time and compare it against the company's peers, a majority of whom also exclude stock-based compensation from their non-GAAP results.

Employee termination, asset impairment and other charges. From time-to-time, in order to realign the company's operations with anticipated market demand or to achieve cost synergies from the integration of acquisitions, the company may terminate employees and/or restructure its operations. From time-to-time, the company may also incur charges from the impairment of intangible assets and other long-lived assets. These charges (including any reversals of charges recorded in prior periods) are inconsistent in amount and frequency, and the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business.

Acquisition-related charges. In connection with the company's business combinations, the company incurs expenses which it would not have otherwise incurred as part of its business operations. These expenses include third-party professional service and legal fees, third-party integration services, severance costs, non-cash adjustments to the fair value of acquired inventory, contract termination costs, and retention bonuses. The company may also experience other accounting impacts in connection with these transactions. These charges and impacts are related to acquisitions, are inconsistent in amount and frequency, and the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business.

Charges related to cost saving initiatives. In connection with the transformation of the company's business combinations, the company has incurred charges related to cost saving initiatives which do not qualify for special accounting treatment as exit or disposal activities. These charges, which the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business, primarily relate to costs associated with rationalizing the company's channel partners or vendors, transforming the company's information systems infrastructure, integrating the company's product roadmap, and accelerated depreciation on assets.

Convertible debt activity, net. The company excludes non-cash economic interest expense associated with its convertible notes, the gains and losses on the conversion of its convertible senior notes and call option, and unrealized gains and losses related to the change in fair value of the exercise option and call option. These charges and gains and losses do not reflect the company's operating results, and the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business.

Non-cash economic interest expense. The company excludes non-cash economic interest expense associated with its convertible notes. These charges do not reflect the company's operating results, and the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business.

Debt extinguishment costs. From time-to-time, the company replaces its existing debt with new financing at more favorable interest rates or utilize available capital to settle debt early, both of which generate interest savings in future periods. The company incurs debt extinguishment charges consisting of the costs to call the existing debt and/or the write-off of any related unamortized debt issuance costs. These gains and losses do not reflect the company's operating results, and the company believes are not indicative of the underlying performance of its business.

Other charges. From time-to-time, the company sells or impairs investments or other assets which are not considered necessary to its business operations; is a party to legal or arbitration proceedings, which could result in an expense or benefit due to settlements, final judgments, or accruals for loss contingencies; or incurs other charges or gains that the company believes are not a part of the ongoing operation of its business. The resulting expense or benefit is inconsistent in amount and frequency.

Income tax adjustments. Income tax adjustments include the difference between income taxes based on a forecasted annual non-GAAP tax rate and a forecasted annual GAAP tax rate as a result of the timing of certain non-GAAP pre-tax adjustments. Additionally, as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, the nine months ended March 30, 2018 income tax adjustments include a provisional income tax expense of \$1.66 billion for the one-time mandatory deemed repatriation tax and a provisional income tax benefit of \$79 million related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Free cash flow. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as cash flows provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment, and the activity related to Flash Ventures, net. The company considers free cash flow to be useful as an indicator of its overall liquidity, as the amount of free cash flow generated in any period is representative of cash that is available for strategic opportunities including, among others, investing in the company's business, making strategic acquisitions, strengthening the balance sheet, repaying debt, paying dividends and repurchasing stock.

Abstract, flowing lines in shades of orange, red, and blue, resembling liquid or smoke, set against a black background.

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